

| Literacy Routines (embedded in Read Aloud, Word Study, Core Reading, Independent Reading, and Writing) | |
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| Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, discussion, and thinking | |
| 3.1 Oral language. The student develops oral language through listening, speaking, and discussion. | |
| Application | Instructional Focus |
| 3.1 <i>communicate ideas effectively through speaking and discussion</i> | 3.1(A) listen actively, ask relevant questions to clarify information, and make pertinent comments 3.1(B) follow, restate, and give oral instructions that involve a series of related sequences of action 3.1(C) speak coherently about the topic under discussion, employing eye contact, speaking rate, volume, enunciation, and the conventions of language to communicate ideas effectively 3.1(D) work collaboratively with others by following agreed-upon rules, norms, and protocols 3.1(E) develop social communication such as conversing politely in all situations |

| Word Study | |
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| Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking | |
| 3.2 Beginning reading and writing. The student develops word structure knowledge through phonological awareness, print concepts, phonics, and morphology to communicate, decode, and spell. | |
| 3.3 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively. | |
| Application | Instructional Focus |
| 3.2 <i>demonstrate and apply phonetic knowledge while reading and spelling</i> | <div>Decoding (Reading) ↔ Encoding (Writing)</div> |
| | 3.2(A) demonstrate and apply phonetic knowledge by: (i) decoding multisyllabic words with multiple sound-spelling patterns such as eigh, ough, and en ↔ 3.2(B) demonstrate and apply spelling knowledge by: (iv) spelling multisyllabic words with multiple sound-spelling patterns (S) |
| | (ii) decoding multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables ↔ (i) spelling multisyllabic words with closed syllables; open syllables; VCe syllables; vowel teams, including digraphs and diphthongs; r-controlled syllables; and final stable syllables (R) |
| | (iii) decoding compound words, contractions, and abbreviations ↔ (iii) spelling compound words, contractions, and abbreviations (R) |
| | (iv) decoding words using knowledge of syllable division patterns such as VCCV, VCV, and VCCCV with accent shifts ↔ (v) spelling words using knowledge of syllable division patterns such as VCCV, VCV, and VCCCV (S) |
| | (v) decoding words using knowledge of prefixes ↔ (vi) spelling words using knowledge of prefixes (S) |
| | (vi) decoding words using knowledge of suffixes, including how they can change base words such as dropping e, changing y to i, and doubling final consonants ↔ (vii) spelling words using knowledge of suffixes, including how they can change base words such as dropping e, changing y to i, and doubling final consonants (R) |
| | (vii) identifying and reading high-frequency words from a research-based list (ii) spelling homophones (R) |
| | 3.2(C) alphabetize a series of words to the third letter |
| 3.3 <i>use skills to support strategies for determining the meaning of unknown words while reading</i> | 3.3(A) use print or digital resources to determine meaning, syllabication, and pronunciation (S) 3.3(B) use context within and beyond a sentence to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words and multiple-meaning words (R) 3.3(C) identify the meaning of and use words with affixes such as im- (into), non-, dis-, in- (not, non), pre-, -ness, -y, and -ful (S) 3.3(D) identify, use, and explain the meaning of antonyms, synonyms, idioms, homophones, and homographs in a text (S) |

| Core Reading | | | | | | | | | | |
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| Tools to Know ⓘ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.3 Vocabulary. The student uses newly acquired vocabulary expressively. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.4 Fluency. The student reads grade-level text with fluency and comprehension. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Comprehension skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.6 Comprehension. The student uses metacognitive skills to both develop and deepen comprehension of increasingly complex texts. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reading Process: Thinking Within the Text | | | | | | Comprehension: Thinking with the Text | | | | |
| 3.4(A) use appropriate fluency (rate, accuracy, and prosody) when reading grade-level text | 3.6(A) establish purpose for reading assigned and self-selected texts | 3.3(B) use context within and beyond a sentence to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words and multiple-meaning words (R) | 3.6(B) generate questions about text before, during, and after reading to deepen understanding and gain information | 3.6(C) make and correct or confirm predictions using text features, characteristics of genre, and structures (S) | 3.6(D) create mental images to deepen understanding | 3.6(I) monitor comprehension and make adjustments such as rereading, using background knowledge, asking questions and annotating when understanding breaks down | 3.6(E) make connections to personal experiences, ideas in other texts, and society (R) | 3.6(F) make inferences and use evidence to support understanding (R) | 3.6(G) evaluate details read to determine key ideas (R) | 3.6(H) synthesize information to create new understanding (R) |

| Ways to Show: Thinking About the Meaning | | | | | | | |
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| Multiple genres: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts | | | | | | | |
| 3.8 Literary elements. The student recognizes and analyzes literary elements within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse literary texts. | | | | | | | |
| 3.9 Genres. The student recognizes and analyzes genre-specific characteristics, structures, and purposes within and across increasingly complex traditional, contemporary, classical, and diverse texts. | | | | | | | |
| 3.10 Author's purpose. | | | | | | | |
| Application | Instructional Focus | Fiction* ⓘ | Poetry | Drama | Informational ⓘ | Argumentative | Multimodal/Digital |
| <i>3.8/3.9/3.10 comprehend the author's purpose and meaning in increasingly complex texts and in multiple genres; explain the relationships among literary elements and structures</i> | Genre Characteristics | 3.9(A) demonstrate knowledge of distinguishing characteristics of well-known children's literature such as folktales, fables, fairy tales, legends, and myths (S) | 3.9(B) explain rhyme scheme, sound devices, structural elements such as stanzas in a variety of poems (S) | 3.9(C) discuss elements of drama such as characters, dialogue, setting, and acts (S) | 3.9(D) recognize characteristics and structures of informational text, including: (ii) features such as sections, tables, graphs, timelines, bullets, numbers, and bold and italicized font to support understanding (S) | 3.9(E) recognize characteristics and structures of argumentative text | 3.9(F) recognize characteristics of multimodal and digital texts |
| | Overall Meaning | 3.10(A) explain the author's purpose and message within a text (R) 3.8(A) infer the theme of a work, distinguishing theme from topic (S) | 3.10(A) explain the author's purpose and message within a text (R) 3.8(A) infer the theme of a work, distinguishing theme from topic (S) | 3.10(A) explain the author's purpose and message within a text (R) 3.8(A) infer the theme of a work, distinguishing theme from topic (S) | 3.10(A) explain the author's purpose and message within a text (R) 3.9(D) (i) [recognize] the central idea with supporting evidence (R) | 3.10(A) explain the author's purpose and message within a text (R) 3.9(E) (i) identifying the claim (R) 3.9(E) (iii) identifying the intended audience or reader (S) | 3.10(A) explain the author's purpose and message within a text <i>(refer to the genre)</i> |
| | Analysis for Deeper Meaning | 3.8(C) analyze plot elements, including the sequence of events, the conflict, and the resolution (R) 3.8(B) explain the relationships among the major and minor characters (R) 3.8(D) explain the influence of the setting on the plot (S) | 3.8(C) analyze plot elements, including the sequence of events, the conflict, and the resolution (R) 3.8(B) explain the relationships among the major and minor characters (R) 3.8(D) explain the influence of the setting on the plot (S) | 3.8(C) analyze plot elements, including the sequence of events, the conflict, and the resolution (R) 3.8(B) explain the relationships among the major and minor characters (R) 3.8(D) explain the influence of the setting on the plot (S) | 3.9(D) (iii) [recognize] organizational patterns such as cause and effect and problem and solution (S) | 3.9(E) (ii) distinguishing facts from opinion (R) | |
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* Literary nonfiction selections may appear on a STAAR assessment, but genre-specific knowledge will not be assessed.

Author's Craft: Thinking About the Writing

3.10 Author's purpose and craft. The student uses critical inquiry to analyze the authors' choices and how they influence and communicate meaning within a variety of texts. The student analyzes and applies author's craft purposefully in order to develop his or her own products and performances.

| Application | Instructional Focus | Fiction* | Poetry | Drama | Informational | Argumentative | Multimodal/Digital |
|--|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3.10 <i>analyze the authors' choices and how they influence meaning; apply author's craft purposefully in writing and speaking</i> | Point of View | 3.10(E) identify the use of literary devices, including first- or third-person point of view (S) | 3.10(E) identify the use of literary devices, including first- or third-person point of view (S) | 3.10(E) identify the use of literary devices, including first- or third-person point of view (S) | | | 3.10(E) identify the use of literary devices, including first- or third-person point of view |
| | Structure | 3.10(B) explain how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose (S) | 3.10(B) explain how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose (S) | 3.10(B) explain how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose (S) | 3.10(B) explain how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose (S) | 3.10(B) explain how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose (S) | 3.10(B) explain how the use of text structure contributes to the author's purpose |
| | | 3.10(C) explain the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) | 3.10(C) explain the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) | 3.10(C) explain the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) | 3.10(C) explain the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) | 3.10(C) explain the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes (S) | 3.10(C) explain the author's use of print and graphic features to achieve specific purposes |
| | Language | 3.10(D) describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile, and sound devices such as onomatopoeia achieves specific purposes (S) | 3.10(D) describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile, and sound devices such as onomatopoeia achieves specific purposes (S) | 3.10(D) describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile, and sound devices such as onomatopoeia achieves specific purposes (S) | 3.10(D) describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile, and sound devices such as onomatopoeia achieves specific purposes (S) | 3.10(D) describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile, and sound devices such as onomatopoeia achieves specific purposes (S) | 3.10(D) describe how the author's use of imagery, literal and figurative language such as simile, and sound devices such as onomatopoeia achieves specific purposes |
| | | 3.10(F) discuss how the author's use of language contributes to voice (S) | 3.10(F) discuss how the author's use of language contributes to voice (S) | 3.10(F) discuss how the author's use of language contributes to voice (S) | 3.10(F) discuss how the author's use of language contributes to voice (S) | 3.10(F) discuss how the author's use of language contributes to voice (S) | 3.10(F) discuss how the author's use of language contributes to voice |
| | | 3.10(G) identify and explain the use of hyperbole (S) | 3.10(G) identify and explain the use of hyperbole (S) | 3.10(G) identify and explain the use of hyperbole (S) | 3.10(G) identify and explain the use of hyperbole (S) | 3.10(G) identify and explain the use of hyperbole (S) | 3.10(G) identify and explain the use of hyperbole |

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Independent Reading

3.5 Self-sustained reading. Developing and sustaining foundational language skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking. The student reads grade-appropriate texts independently.

3.5(A) self-select text and read independently for a sustained period of time

Responding to Text (applied to both Reading and Writing)

3.7 Response skills: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student responds to an increasingly challenging variety of sources that are read, heard, or viewed.

Ways to Show (Response Skills)

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| 3.7(A) describe personal connections to a variety of sources, including self-selected texts | 3.7(B) write a response to a literary or informational text that demonstrates an understanding of a text (R) | 3.7(C) use text evidence to support an appropriate response (R) | 3.7(D) retell and paraphrase texts in ways that maintain meaning and logical order (S) | 3.7(E) interact with sources in meaningful ways such as notetaking, annotating, freewriting, or illustrating | 3.7(F) respond using newly acquired vocabulary as appropriate | 3.7(G) discuss specific ideas in the text that are important to the meaning |
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Writing

Composition: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts

3.11 Writing process. The student uses the writing process recursively to compose multiple texts that are legible and uses appropriate conventions.

3.12 Genres. The student uses genre characteristics and craft to compose multiple texts that are meaningful.

| Application | Tools to Know (Writing Process) ⓘ |
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| 3.12(A) compose literary texts , including personal narratives and poetry, using genre characteristics and craft | 3.11(A) plan a first draft by selecting a genre for a particular topic, purpose, and audience using a range of strategies such as brainstorming, freewriting, and mapping |
| | 3.11(B) develop drafts into a focused, structured, and coherent piece of writing by: (i) organizing with purposeful structure, including an introduction and a conclusion (R) (ii) developing an engaging idea with relevant details (R) |
| 3.12(B) compose informational texts , including brief compositions that convey information about a topic, using a clear central idea and genre characteristics and craft (R) | 3.11(C) revise drafts to improve sentence structure and word choice by adding, deleting, combining, and rearranging ideas for coherence and clarity (R) |
| | 3.11(D) edit drafts using standard English conventions, including: (S) (i) complete simple and compound sentences with subject-verb agreement (R) (ii) past, present, and future verb tense (R) (iii) singular, plural, common, and proper nouns (S) (iv) adjectives, including their comparative and superlative forms (S) (v) adverbs that convey time and adverbs that convey manner (S) (vi) prepositions and prepositional phrases (S) (vii) pronouns, including subjective, objective, and possessive cases (S) (viii) coordinating conjunctions to form compound subjects, predicates, and sentences (S) (ix) capitalization of official titles of people, holidays, and geographical names and places (S) (x) punctuation marks, including apostrophes in contractions and possessives and commas in compound sentences and items in a series (S) (xi) correct spelling of words with grade-appropriate orthographic patterns and rules and high-frequency words (R) |
| 3.12(C) compose argumentative texts , including opinion essays, using genre characteristics and craft (R) | |
| 3.12(D) compose correspondence such as thank you notes or letters | |
| | 3.11(E) publish written work for appropriate audiences |
| | 3.2(D) write complete words, thoughts, and answers legibly in cursive leaving appropriate spaces between words |

Research (embedded skills throughout Reading and Writing)

3.13 Inquiry and research: listening, speaking, reading, writing, and thinking using multiple texts. The student engages in both short-term and sustained recursive inquiry processes for a variety of purposes.

| Application | Instructional Focus |
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| 3.13 <i>use research skills to plan and present in written, oral, or multimodal formats</i> | 3.13(A) generate questions on a topic for formal and informal inquiry 3.13(B) develop and follow a research plan with adult assistance 3.13(C) identify and gather relevant information from a variety of sources 3.13(D) identify primary and secondary sources 3.13(E) demonstrate understanding of information gathered 3.13(F) recognize the difference between paraphrasing and plagiarism when using source materials 3.13(G) create a works cited page 3.13(H) use an appropriate mode of delivery, whether written, oral, or multimodal, to present results |